

metal-organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Diaquatetrakis(1*H*-imidazole- κN^3)-magnesium dichloride

M. Kayalvizhi,^a G. Vasuki,^a* Kamel Kaabi^b and Cherif Ben Nasr^b

^aDepartment of Physics, Kunthavai Naachiar Government Arts College (W) (Autonomous), Thanjavur-7, India, and ^bLaboratoire de Chimie des Matériaux, Faculté des Sciences de Bizerte, 7021 Zarzouna, Tunisia Correspondence e-mail: vasuki.arasi@yahoo.com

Received 17 July 2013; accepted 1 August 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.025; wR factor = 0.068; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.0.

In the title compound, $[Mg(C_3H_3N_2)_4(H_2O)_2]Cl_2$, the Mg^{II} cation lies on a crystallographic inversion centre and is coordinated by two water molecules and four N-atom donors from monodentate imidazole ligands, giving a slightly distorted octahedral stereochemistry. In the crystal, water $O-H\cdots Cl$ and imidazole $N-H\cdots Cl$ hydrogen bonds give rise to a three-dimensional structure.

Related literature

For a similar structure, see: Reiss et al. (2011).

2C1

Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{aligned} & [\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{C_3H_3N_2})_4(\mathrm{H_2O})_2] \mathrm{Cl_2} & b = 11.0048 \ (4) \ \mathring{\mathrm{A}} \\ & M_r = 403.57 & c = 14.4485 \ (6) \ \mathring{\mathrm{A}} \\ & \mathrm{Monoclinic}, \ C2/c & \beta = 107.037 \ (1)^\circ \\ & a = 12.3826 \ (6) \ \mathring{\mathrm{A}} & V = 1882.47 \ (14) \ \mathring{\mathrm{A}}^3 \end{aligned}$

Z = 4 T = 296 K Mo $K\alpha$ radiation 0.30 × 0.25 × 0.20 mm μ = 0.40 mm⁻¹

Data collection

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD} & 8496 \mbox{ measured reflections} \\ \mbox{diffractometer} & 1854 \mbox{ independent reflections} \\ \mbox{Absorption correction: multi-scan} & 1695 \mbox{ reflections with } I > 2\sigma(I) \\ \mbox{} (SADABS; \mbox{ Bruker}, 1999) & R_{\rm int} = 0.026 \\ \mbox{} T_{\rm min} = 0.889, \mbox{} T_{\rm max} = 0.924 \\ \end{array}$

Refinement

 $\begin{array}{ll} R[F^2>2\sigma(F^2)]=0.025 & \text{H atoms treated by a mixture of} \\ wR(F^2)=0.068 & \text{independent and constrained} \\ S=1.05 & \text{refinement} \\ 1854 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\max}=0.17 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \\ 132 \text{ parameters} & \Delta\rho_{\min}=-0.25 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \end{array}$

Table 1
Selected bond lengths (Å).

Mg1-N1	2.2281 (10)	Mg1-O1	2.0923 (9)
Mg1-N3	2.1611 (10)	-	` '

Table 2 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathbf{H}\cdot\cdot\cdot A$
O1-H1W···Cl1i	0.84(1)	2.30(1)	3.1361 (9)	172 (2)
$O1-H2W\cdots Cl1$	0.84(1)	2.30(1)	3.1337 (10)	176 (2)
N2-H2A···Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.89(1)	2.47 (1)	3.3165 (12)	160 (2)
$N4-H4A\cdots Cl1^{iii}$	0.89(1)	2.43(1)	3.2585 (13)	155 (2)
Symmetry codes: $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$		-y+1, -z+1;	(ii) $x, -y +$	$1, z - \frac{1}{2};$ (iii)

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT* and *XPREP* (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Sophisticated Analytical Instrument Facility, IIT-Madras, Chennai, for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2271).

References

Bruker (1999). *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA. Bruker (2004). *APEX2*, *SAINT* and *XPREP*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Farrugia, L. J. (2012). J. Appl. Cryst. 45, 849–854.

Reiss, G. J., Boldog, I. & Janiak, C. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* E**67**, m1109–m1110. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* A**64**, 112–122.

Spek, A. L. (2009). Acta Cryst. D65, 148-155.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m481 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813021478]

Diaquatetrakis(1H-imidazole- κN^3)magnesium dichloride

M. Kayalvizhi, G. Vasuki, Kamel Kaabi and Cherif Ben Nasr

1. Comment

In the title compound, $[Mg(C_3H_3N_2)_4(H_2O)_2]$. 2Cl, the Mg^{II} cation lies on a crystallographic inversion centre and is coordinated by two water molecules and four N-atom donors from monodentate imidazole ligands, (Fig. 1), giving a slightly distorted octahedral geometry (Table 1). In the crystal, O—H···Cl and N—H···Cl hydrogen bonds between both the aqua ligands and the imidazole ligands and the chloride counter-anions (Table 2) generate a three-dimensional structure (Fig. 2). These water—chloride hydrogen-bonding interactions are in the typical range as observed in the redetermined structure of diaquatetrakis(dimethylformamide- κO)magnesium dichloride (Reiss et~al., 2011).

2. Experimental

A solution of MgCl₂ (0.2 mmol) in water (6 ml) was added dropwise to a solution of imidazole (0.8 mmol) in ethanol. After stirring for 30 min, the mixture was filtered. Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by evaporating the filtrate at room temperature (yield 56%).

3. Refinement

Carbon-bound H atoms were placed at calculated positions and treated as riding on the parent atom, with, C—H = 0.93 Å and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$. The O-bound and N-bound H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely.

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT* and *XPREP* (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m481 Sup-1

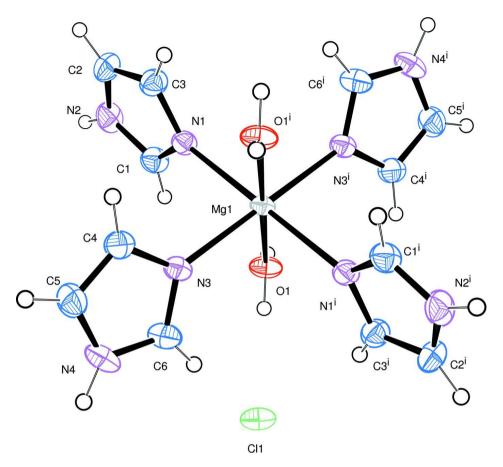


Figure 1 The molecular structure of the title compound showing atom numbering, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level. For symmetry code (i): -x + 1/2, -y + 3/2, -z + 1.

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m481 sup-2

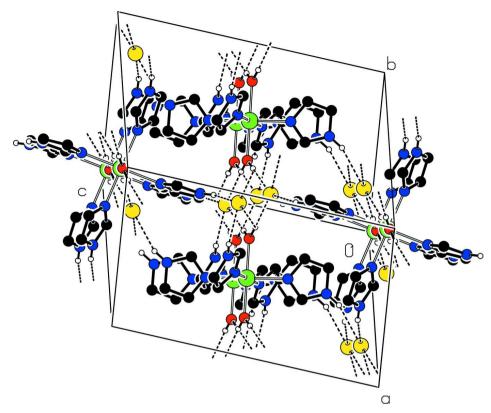


Figure 2 Crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the c axis. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

Diaquatetrakis(1H-imidazole- κN^3)magnesium dichloride

$[Mg(C_3H_4N_2)_4(H_2O)_2]Cl_2$	F(000) = 840
$M_r = 403.57$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.424 \; {\rm Mg \; m^{-3}}$
Monoclinic, C2/c	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc	Cell parameters from 8496 reflections
a = 12.3826 (6) Å	$\theta = 2.1-26.0^{\circ}$
b = 11.0048 (4) Å	$\mu = 0.40 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 14.4485 (6) Å	T = 296 K
$\beta = 107.037 (1)^{\circ}$	Block, colourless
$V = 1882.47 (14) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$
Z=4	

Z=4	
Data collection	
Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD	8496 measured reflections
diffractometer	1854 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1695 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator ω and φ scan	$R_{ ext{int}} = 0.026$ $ heta_{ ext{max}} = 26.0^{\circ}, heta_{ ext{min}} = 2.5^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -15 \rightarrow 14$
(SADABS; Bruker, 1999)	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
$T_{\min} = 0.889, T_{\max} = 0.924$	$l = -17 \rightarrow 16$

sup-3 Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m481

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$

 $wR(F^2) = 0.068$

S = 1.05

1854 reflections

132 parameters

4 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from

neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent

and constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0327P)^2 + 1.0653P]$

where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$

 $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min}$ = -0.25 e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008), $Fc^*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0093 (6)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and F-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	x	y	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
C1	0.29321 (12)	0.73665 (13)	0.29376 (10)	0.0376 (3)
H1	0.3423	0.6718	0.3154	0.045*
C2	0.19291 (13)	0.87405 (14)	0.19885 (10)	0.0440 (4)
H2	0.1594	0.9221	0.1451	0.053*
C3	0.17954 (11)	0.88354 (12)	0.28794 (9)	0.0366 (3)
Н3	0.1340	0.9406	0.3059	0.044*
C4	0.01955 (12)	0.63009 (13)	0.37687 (10)	0.0393 (3)
H4	-0.0098	0.7052	0.3525	0.047*
C5	-0.03394 (12)	0.52348 (14)	0.35343 (11)	0.0462 (4)
H5	-0.1058	0.5111	0.3112	0.055*
C6	0.13086 (11)	0.49423 (12)	0.45568 (11)	0.0385 (3)
Н6	0.1931	0.4549	0.4967	0.046*
N1	0.24289 (8)	0.79672 (9)	0.34828 (7)	0.0298 (2)
N2	0.26524 (11)	0.78024 (12)	0.20364 (8)	0.0434 (3)
N3	0.12407 (9)	0.61208 (9)	0.44212 (7)	0.0298 (2)
N4	0.03796 (11)	0.43755 (11)	0.40368 (10)	0.0429 (3)
O1	0.37963 (8)	0.62540 (8)	0.50646 (7)	0.0355 (2)
Mg1	0.2500	0.7500	0.5000	0.02385 (15)
C11	0.41012 (3)	0.35283 (3)	0.57173 (3)	0.04135 (14)
H1W	0.4370 (11)	0.6384 (16)	0.4884 (12)	0.057 (5)*
H2A	0.2880 (16)	0.7492 (16)	0.1556 (10)	0.069 (6)*
H2W	0.3849 (15)	0.5529 (10)	0.5253 (12)	0.056 (5)*
H4A	0.0289 (15)	0.3576 (9)	0.4011 (13)	0.058 (5)*

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m481 Sup-4

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0447 (7)	0.0340(7)	0.0385 (7)	0.0014 (6)	0.0188 (6)	-0.0019 (6)
C2	0.0528 (8)	0.0486 (9)	0.0284 (7)	-0.0021 (7)	0.0084 (6)	0.0050(6)
C3	0.0413 (7)	0.0359 (7)	0.0336 (7)	0.0034 (6)	0.0125 (6)	0.0017 (6)
C4	0.0389 (7)	0.0341 (7)	0.0413 (8)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0062 (6)	0.0048 (6)
C5	0.0416 (7)	0.0472 (9)	0.0460(8)	-0.0129(7)	0.0071 (6)	-0.0033 (7)
C6	0.0357 (7)	0.0278 (7)	0.0535 (8)	0.0005 (5)	0.0157 (6)	0.0041 (6)
N1	0.0356 (5)	0.0277 (5)	0.0288 (5)	-0.0026 (4)	0.0138 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
N2	0.0558 (7)	0.0484 (7)	0.0325 (6)	-0.0074(6)	0.0233 (5)	-0.0088(5)
N3	0.0326 (5)	0.0251 (5)	0.0337 (6)	-0.0023 (4)	0.0130 (4)	0.0007 (4)
N4	0.0485 (7)	0.0261 (6)	0.0594 (8)	-0.0110 (5)	0.0244 (6)	-0.0065(5)
O1	0.0360 (5)	0.0257 (5)	0.0523 (6)	0.0056 (4)	0.0248 (4)	0.0073 (4)
Mg1	0.0275 (3)	0.0196(3)	0.0275 (3)	-0.0003 (2)	0.0126(2)	0.0008 (2)
<u>C11</u>	0.0432 (2)	0.0314 (2)	0.0584 (2)	0.00885 (13)	0.02879 (17)	0.01331 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

, <i>)</i>		
1.3166 (16)	C6—N3	1.3107 (17)
1.3347 (18)	C6—N4	1.3306 (19)
0.9300	C6—H6	0.9300
1.3491 (19)	Mg1—N1	2.2281 (10)
1.355 (2)	N2—H2A	0.890 (9)
0.9300	Mg1—N3	2.1611 (10)
1.3738 (17)	N4—H4A	0.887 (9)
0.9300	Mg1—O1	2.0923 (9)
1.341 (2)	O1—H1W	0.838 (9)
1.3741 (17)	O1—H2W	0.839 (9)
0.9300	Mg1—O1 ⁱ	2.0923 (9)
1.355 (2)	Mg1—N3 ⁱ	2.1612 (10)
0.9300	Mg1—N1 ⁱ	2.2281 (10)
111.72 (13)	C6—N3—C4	104.57 (11)
124.1	C6—N3—Mg1	129.03 (9)
124.1	C4—N3—Mg1	126.30 (9)
105.92 (12)	C6—N4—C5	107.41 (12)
127.0	C6—N4—H4A	124.5 (12)
127.0	C5—N4—H4A	128.0 (12)
110.17 (12)	Mg1—O1—H1W	125.7 (12)
124.9	Mg1—O1—H2W	128.6 (12)
124.9	H1W—O1—H2W	105.6 (17)
110.08 (13)	O1 ⁱ —Mg1—O1	179.999 (1)
125.0	$O1^{i}$ — $Mg1$ — $N3$	89.19 (4)
125.0	O1—Mg1—N3	90.81 (4)
106.08 (12)	$O1^{i}$ — $Mg1$ — $N3^{i}$	90.81 (4)
127.0	O1—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	89.19 (4)
127.0	N3—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	180.0
111.86 (13)	$O1^{i}$ — $Mg1$ — $N1^{i}$	90.22 (4)
124.1	O1—Mg1—N1 ⁱ	89.78 (4)
	1.3166 (16) 1.3347 (18) 0.9300 1.3491 (19) 1.355 (2) 0.9300 1.3738 (17) 0.9300 1.341 (2) 1.3741 (17) 0.9300 1.355 (2) 0.9300 111.72 (13) 124.1 124.1 105.92 (12) 127.0 127.0 110.17 (12) 124.9 124.9 110.08 (13) 125.0 106.08 (12) 127.0 111.86 (13)	1.3166 (16)

Acta Cryst. (2013). E**69**, m481

supplementary materials

N4—C6—H6	124.1	N3Mg1N1 ⁱ	91.99 (4)
C1—N1—C3	104.59 (11)	N3 ⁱ —Mg1—N1 ⁱ	88.01 (4)
C1—N1—Mg1	125.70 (9)	Oli—Mgl—Nl	89.78 (4)
C3—N1—Mg1	129.45 (8)	O1—Mg1—N1	90.22 (4)
C1—N2—C2	107.60 (12)	N3—Mg1—N1	88.01 (4)
C1—N2—H2A	124.8 (12)	N3 ⁱ —Mg1—N1	91.99 (4)
C2—N2—H2A	127.5 (12)	N1 ⁱ —Mg1—N1	180.0
	• •	-	
N2—C2—C3—N1	0.07 (16)	C4—N3—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	33.40 (11)
N3—C4—C5—N4	-0.57(17)	C6—N3—Mg1—O1	29.08 (12)
N2—C1—N1—C3	-0.09(15)	C4—N3—Mg1—O1	-146.60 (11)
N2—C1—N1—Mg1	174.52 (9)	C6—N3—Mg1—N1 ⁱ	-60.73 (12)
C2—C3—N1—C1	0.01 (15)	C4—N3—Mg1—N1 ⁱ	123.59 (11)
C2—C3—N1—Mg1	-174.32 (9)	C6—N3—Mg1—N1	119.27 (12)
N1—C1—N2—C2	0.13 (17)	C4—N3—Mg1—N1	-56.41 (11)
C3—C2—N2—C1	-0.12 (16)	C1—N1—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	-168.58 (11)
N4—C6—N3—C4	-0.12 (16)	C3—N1—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	4.66 (11)
N4—C6—N3—Mg1	-176.52 (9)	C1—N1—Mg1—O1	11.42 (11)
C5—C4—N3—C6	0.43 (16)	C3—N1—Mg1—O1	-175.34 (11)
C5—C4—N3—Mg1	176.96 (10)	C1—N1—Mg1—N3	-79.38 (11)
N3—C6—N4—C5	-0.23 (17)	C3—N1—Mg1—N3	93.85 (11)
C4—C5—N4—C6	0.48 (17)	C1—N1—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	100.62 (11)
C6—N3—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	-150.92 (12)	C3—N1—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	-86.14 (11)

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	$H\cdots A$	D··· A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1—H1 <i>W</i> ···Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.84(1)	2.30(1)	3.1361 (9)	172 (2)
O1—H2 <i>W</i> ···Cl1	0.84(1)	2.30(1)	3.1337 (10)	176 (2)
N2—H2 <i>A</i> ···C11 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89(1)	2.47 (1)	3.3165 (12)	160 (2)
N4—H4 <i>A</i> ···Cl1 ^{iv}	0.89(1)	2.43 (1)	3.2585 (13)	155 (2)

Symmetry codes: (ii) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1; (iii) x, -y+1, z-1/2; (iv) -x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1.

Acta Cryst. (2013). E**69**, m481